

GASTROSCOPY INFORMATION HANDOUT

YOUR APPOINTMENT DETAILS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

DATE: TIME OF ARRIVAL:

WITH: Dr Dorrington Dr Ellison

AT: FACILITY:

<input type="checkbox"/> ALLAMANDA PRIVATE HOSPITAL 21 Spindelove Street SOUTHPORT 4215 PH: 5532 6444	<input type="checkbox"/> PACIFIC PRIVATE DAY SURGERY Level 1 123 Nerang Street SOUTHPORT 4215 PH: 5556 6222
<input type="checkbox"/> PINDARA PRIVATE HOSPITAL Endoscopy Unit Allchurch Avenue BENOWA 4217 PH: 5588 9888	<input type="checkbox"/> PINDARA DAY PROCEDURE CENTRE (PDPC) Pindara Place 13 Carrara Street BENOWA 4217 PH: 5588 9588

Our goal is to make your gastroscopy as safe and as comfortable as possible

PLEASE DO:

- ⇒ Ensure you have Nil by mouth for 6 hours immediately prior to your arrival – 4 hours if you are having your gastroscopy in conjunction with a colonoscopy
- ⇒ Bring a list of your medications
- ⇒ Bring your Medicare card along with Health Fund and government concession cards if applicable
- ⇒ **BRING YOUR REFERRAL ON THE DAY OF THE PROCEDURE** if you have not previously sent it to our rooms
- ⇒ Advise us at least 3 days beforehand:
 - if you are on **Insulin**
 - if you have a **Latex Allergy**
 - if your weight is in excess of **130 kgs** and you are booked into either Pacific Private or PDPC, as Qld Health guidelines preclude admission to a day surgery in this instance

PLEASE NOTE

Your procedure involves a light anaesthetic so you will NOT be able to drive home or travel by public transport

WHAT IS GASTROSCOPY?

Gastroscopy is the direct inspection of the oesophagus, stomach and duodenum (upper gastrointestinal tract) via a gastroscope – a long, flexible tube about 8-10 mm in diameter which displays an image on a TV screen. Small tissue samples (biopsies) may be painlessly collected in conjunction with gastroscopy by passing long, thin forceps down a channel in the gastroscope.

The procedure is commonly performed when your doctor suspects any inflammation, ulceration or other abnormality of these areas.

What preparation is necessary?

- Nil by mouth for 6 hours prior to the procedure.
- All regular medications (excepting diabetic medication) to be taken as usual with a small amount of water on the day of the procedure.
- Patients with diabetes on **INSULIN MUST** contact Dr Dorrington's rooms at least three working days prior to the procedure to make special arrangements.

How Accurate is Endoscopy?

Endoscopy is accurate in diagnosing ulcers or cancers of the oesophagus, stomach or duodenum. It is less accurate in diseases which affect the function of the oesophagus and the stomach.

No procedure is perfect. Even an unusual form of gastric cancer (linitis plastica) can be missed.

Are there Alternative Investigations?

There are alternative tests e.g. barium studies. These can complement endoscopy but are usually not as sensitive as direct inspection by endoscopy.

Endoscopy allows biopsies to be taken to diagnose a number of different conditions.

How is Gastroscopy performed?

Dr Dorrington will be assisted by both a nurse and a specialist anaesthetist. You will be asked for details of your medical history including drug allergies. Special precautions may be necessary to reduce risks, especially if you have a serious heart, chest or other medical problem.

At the beginning of the procedure, you will be given an injection into a vein to sedate and relax you. Your throat may be sprayed with local anaesthetic. A mouthguard is used to protect your teeth. Extra oxygen is given, with the levels in your blood being monitored via a "peg" on your finger. With your chin flexed on your chest, the gastroscope is passed over the tongue and into the pharynx, oesophagus, stomach and duodenum.

Occasionally, there will be a narrowing in the oesophagus (gullet). If considered appropriate, this may be stretched open using a dilator passed over a guide wire (oesophageal dilatation).

The entire procedure takes between 5 and 20 minutes, is not painful and you will be able to breathe normally throughout.

P.T.O.....

After your Gastroscopy.

After the procedure you will be assisted to the Recovery Lounge. When your swallowing reflex has returned, you will be offered light refreshments.

When you have recovered suitably, Dr Dorrington will briefly discuss the report with you. ***With Direct Access Gastroscopy, it is up to the referring doctor, not Dr Dorrington, to assess the relevance of the findings in relation to your symptoms and institute any treatment.***

The sedation has the effect of frequently causing you to forget what you have been told after the procedure. A complete detailed report will be sent to your doctor usually the next working day.

You will, in general, be ready to go home about 60-90 minutes after the procedure. You will need someone to stay with you for the rest of the day and preferably overnight.

As the sedative drugs will remain in your system for some time, do not drive a car, use machinery, cook or iron for at least 12 hours. Do not return to work or sign legal documents until the next day.

SAFETY AND RISKS FOR UPPER GIT ENDOSCOPY (GASTROSCOPY)

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

This important information is not meant to frighten you but it is our responsibility to outline the risks. You can then make an informed decision whether or not to proceed. There are, of course, risks in **not** having the procedure e.g. missed diagnoses including cancer.

Gastroscopy is usually safe and simple. Your throat may be uncomfortable for a day or two but other side effects and complications are unusual. On very rare occasions (less than 1 in 10,000 procedures) severe damage to the oesophagus or stomach can occur at the time of the examination. Dental damage and swollen lips can occasionally occur.

Complications of sedation are uncommon and are usually avoided by administering oxygen and monitoring oxygen levels in the blood during the procedure. Rarely, however, particularly in patients with severe cardiac or chest disease, serious sedation related problems can occur. You must notify the anaesthetist if you have had **any chest pain** on the day of the procedure.

Aspiration of secretion into the lungs is a potentially serious complication, sometimes requiring hospital admission.

If you wish to discuss possible complications with Dr Dorrington before the procedure, please inform the staff. Death is a remote possibility with any interventional procedure.

CONSENT FOR UPPER GIT ENDOSCOPY (GASTROSCOPY or OESOPHAGEAL DILATATION)

I have read and understood the procedural information on gastroscopy (upper GIT endoscopy) as outlined in the patient information brochure supplied and have read and understand the fees charged for this procedure.

I hereby agree to the performance of the gastroscopy by Dr Dorrington and to the taking of biopsies and performance of oesophageal dilatation or other upper GIT endoscopic procedures deemed to be appropriate by Dr Dorrington at the time of the gastroscopy.

I hereby give Dr Dorrington permission to access or obtain relevant medical information from any other health professional or ancillary service provider. I understand this will assist him in my diagnosis and management.

PATIENTS SIGNATURE.....

WITNESS SIGNATURE.....

NAME.....

NAME

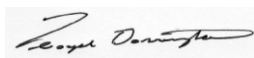
(Please print)

(Please print)

DATE.....

DATE

DOCTORS SIGNATURE :



PLEASE BRING THIS COMPLETED CONSENT FORM WITH YOU WHEN YOU ATTEND

YOUR PROCEDURE

PAYMENT POLICY

- Your fund **does** have a suitable “no gap” policy.

Dr Dorrington will directly bill your fund and you will not be required to submit forms or pay any gap. However, in the event that your health fund does not cover this account or not pay the fee in full, then you will be required to pay this account or any gap. Examples of where this might occur include not being financial, or if waiting periods have not been served.

The day hospital fee is separate from Dr Dorrington’s account and is **usually** submitted directly to your fund. If you have an excess on your policy this may apply. Please check this with patient services at the day surgery, or with your health fund

- Your fund **does not** have a suitable “no gap” policy.

Secure payment is required for the day of the procedure. We will require your credit card details and will then bill your card accordingly following the procedure. If you do not have a credit card we will require secure payment prior to the procedure day either by EFTPOS, cash or cheque. Your account and receipt will then be forwarded after the procedure for claiming from both Medicare and your private health fund.

- DVA will pay your fee in full.

- You have no private health insurance – cost estimate attached

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If Medicare has your bank account details, we can submit the paid account electronically to Medicare for a direct refund into your account. Please advise our staff if you would like to choose this option

The anaesthetist is a private practitioner. Should you have any queries about the anaesthetic fee or your out of pocket expenses to the anaesthetist, please ring:

- Southport Anaesthetic Services on 5532 3667 or
- Dr David Yeadon on 5503 0033.

If any tissue samples are sent to the pathologist an account will be raised by the pathologist for this examination.

If your fund has a direct billing agreement with the pathologist, the account will be sent to the fund for payment. However, if your fund does not have an agreement, or if you are uninsured, you will be sent the account, which you can then claim on Medicare (and your health fund (if applicable))